

Appl. No. 10/662,612
Amdt. dated July 12, 2006
Reply to Restriction Requirement of June 16, 2006

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Amendments to the Claims

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims

1. (currently amended) A unitary subcutaneous implantable cardioverter-defibrillator comprising:

(A) a long thin housing with a first and second ends that is curved in a shape of a patient's rib wherein the housing contains a source of electrical energy, a capacitor, and operational circuitry that senses the presence of potentially fatal heart rhythms;

(B) cardioversion/defibrillation electrodes located at the ends of the housing;

(C) means for delivering electrical cardioversion-defibrillation energy when the operational circuitry senses a potentially fatal heart rhythm; and

(D) the absence of a transvenous, ~~intracardiac~~ intracardiac, epicardial, or subcutaneous electrode.

2-37. (cancelled)

38. (previously presented) A unitary cardioverter-defibrillator for subcutaneous implantation, comprising:

a canister comprising a biocompatible housing enclosing and containing cardioversion-defibrillation circuitry, said housing having a downward taper continuously formed along at least one exterior periphery of the biocompatible housing; and

a pair of electrodes formed on opposite ends of the biocompatible housing and electrically interfaced to the cardioversion-defibrillation circuitry to deliver an electrical therapy to the heart of a patient.

39. (cancelled)

40. (previously presented) A unitary subcutaneous cardioverter-defibrillator with electrically active canister for minimally invasive implantation, comprising:

Appl. No. 10/662,612
Amdt. dated July 12, 2006
Reply to Restriction Requirement of June 16, 2006

a subcutaneously implantable canister comprising a sterilizable biocompatible housing enclosing and containing cardioversion-defibrillation circuitry interfaceable through the biocompatible housing, the biocompatible housing formed into a partially curved surface along a longitudinal axis, with a downward taper continuously formed along an exterior periphery of the biocompatible housing, and a pair of semi-converging tapers continuously formed about opposite sides of the downward taper; and

a pair of electrodes formed on opposite and facing ends of the biocompatible housing and electrically interfaced via one or more internal conductors to the cardioversion-defibrillation circuitry to deliver an electrical therapy to the heart of a patient therebetween.

41. (cancelled)

42. (previously presented) A unitary cardioversion-defibrillation device with electrically conductive housing means for subcutaneous implantation, comprising:

means for housing and hermetically containing cardioversion-defibrillation circuitry, the housing means defining a curved and substantially electrically insulated outer surface, with a downward taper continuously formed along an exterior periphery of the housing means, and a pair of semi-converging tapers continuously formed about opposite sides of the downward taper; and

means for delivering an electrical therapy from opposite and facing ends of the housing means responsive to an autonomously detected arrhythmic condition, the electrical therapy delivering means being electrically connected via one or more internal conductors to the cardioversion-defibrillation circuitry.

43. (cancelled)

44. (previously presented) An implantable unitary subcutaneous cardioverter-defibrillator with electrically active canister, comprising:

an implantable canister providing a curved housing enclosing and containing cardioversion-defibrillation circuitry; and

Appl. No. 10/662,612
Amdt. dated July 12, 2006
Reply to Restriction Requirement of June 16, 2006

a pair of electrodes formed on opposite and facing ends of the housing and electrically interfaced via one or more conductors to the cardioversion-defibrillation circuitry to deliver an electrical therapy to the heart of a patient responsive to an autonomously detected arrhythmic condition.

45. (previously presented) An implantable unitary subcutaneous cardioverter-defibrillator according to Claim 44, further comprising:

a removable core operational member containing the cardioversion-defibrillation circuitry separate and interchangeably from the housing and providing a plurality of connectors; and

the housing operationally disposed to receive the core operational member via a plurality of matching connectors.

46. (previously presented) An implantable unitary subcutaneous cardioverter-defibrillator providing anti-arrhythmia therapy, comprising:

an implantable canister providing a curved housing enclosing and containing cardioversion-defibrillation circuitry; and

a pair of electrodes formed on opposite and facing ends of the housing and electrically interfaced via one or more conductors to the cardioversion-defibrillation circuitry to deliver an anti-arrhythmic waveform between the pair of electrodes to a heart of a patient responsive to an arrhythmic condition autonomously detected by the cardioversion-defibrillation circuitry.

47. (previously presented) An implantable unitary subcutaneous cardioverter-defibrillator according to Claim 46, wherein the anti-arrhythmia biphasic waveform has characteristics comprising at least one of a capacitance between approximately 50 μ F and 200 μ F, voltage between approximately 800 V and 2000 V, energy between 40 J and 150 J, and a duration between approximately 5 msec to 25msec.

48. (previously presented) An implantable unitary subcutaneous cardioverter-defibrillator monitoring cardiac physiological conditions, comprising:

Appl. No. 10/662,612
Amdt. dated July 12, 2006
Reply to Restriction Requirement of June 16, 2006

an implantable canister providing a curved housing and containing cardioversion-defibrillation circuitry;

a pair of electrodes formed on opposite and facing ends of the housing and electrically interfaced via one or more conductors to the cardioversion-defibrillation circuitry to deliver an electrical therapy to the heart of a patient responsive to an autonomously detected arrhythmic condition; and

monitoring circuitry integral to the cardioversion-defibrillation circuitry and deriving cardiac physiological measures relating to at least one of QRS signal morphology, QRS signal frequency content, QRS R-R interval stability data, and QRS amplitude characteristics.

49. (previously presented) An implantable unitary subcutaneous cardioverter-defibrillator providing cardiac pacing, comprising:

an implantable canister providing a curved housing enclosing and containing cardioversion-defibrillation circuitry;

a pair of electrodes formed on opposite and facing ends of the housing and electrically interfaced via one or more conductors to the cardioversion-defibrillation circuitry to deliver an electrical therapy to the heart of a patient responsive to an autonomously detected arrhythmic condition; and

pacing circuitry operatively conjunctive to the cardioversion-defibrillation circuitry which generates at least one of an anti-bradycardia and an anti-tachycardia pacing waveform via the electrically conductive surface responsive to the cardioversion-defibrillation circuitry.

50. (previously presented) An implantable unitary subcutaneous cardioverter-defibrillator inducing cardiac fibrillating episodes, comprising:

an implantable canister providing a curved housing enclosing and containing cardioversion-defibrillation circuitry;

a pair of electrodes formed on opposite and facing ends of the housing and electrically interfaced via one or more conductors to the cardioversion-defibrillation circuitry to deliver an electrical therapy to the heart of a patient responsive to an autonomously detected arrhythmic condition; and

Appl. No. 10/662,612
Amdt. dated July 12, 2006
Reply to Restriction Requirement of June 16, 2006

induction circuitry integral to the cardioversion-defibrillation circuitry which generates low amplitude voltage on a T-wave of an ECG via the electrically conductive surface responsive to the cardioversion-defibrillation circuitry.

51. (previously presented) An implantable unitary subcutaneous cardioverter-defibrillator detecting cardiopulmonary physiological conditions, comprising:

an implantable canister providing a curved housing enclosing and containing cardioversion-defibrillation circuitry;

a pair of electrodes formed on opposite and facing ends of the housing and electrically interfaced via one or more conductors to the cardioversion-defibrillation circuitry to deliver an electrical therapy to the heart of a patient responsive to an autonomously detected arrhythmic condition; and

detection circuitry integral to the cardioversion-defibrillation circuitry and deriving physiological measures relating to at least one of atrial fibrillation, ventricular fibrillation, transthoracic impedance, respiratory rate, heart rate, cardiac output, ECG shape and temperature.

52. (withdrawn) An apparatus for implanting a unitary subcutaneous cardioverter-defibrillator, further comprising[:]:

a curved trocar comprising a tubular ~~canulla~~ cannula defining a central lumen along an axial length and affixed to a proximal handle, the tubular ~~canulla~~ cannula having a tapered distal end styled to dissect a subcutaneous path within a patient.